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IN THE SUPPLEME COURT OF INDIA

EXTINA-ONDINARY ONIGINAL JURISDICTICAL BRIT PETITION (CIVIL) NO 240 OF 1909

Doordarshan Cameranen's Welfare Association (Regd)

... Patitioner

Vs.

Union of India and another

... Respondents

JUDGMENT

K. JAGANNATHA SHETTY, J.

this Court. This Writ Petition under Article 32 of the Constitution has been filed by the Union representing the members of the staff working in the Camera Section of the Doordarshan Kondra. The Camera Section is said to consist of a number of posts including Cameramen Oracle II and Lighting Assistants working in various Doordarshan Kondras in the Country. Earlier

chere were three writ potitions from three dates in a contemp with the staff Artists of Doordershan. Writ Petition (c) No. 974 of 1978 was filed by Sound Recordists. Writ Petition (C) No. 1239 of 1979 was by Cameramen Grade II and Writ Petition (C) No. 1756 of 1986 was by the Lighting Assistants/Lightmen. The Sound Recordists of Doordershan claimed the pay scale admissible to the Recordists of the Films Division. Cameramen Grade II demanded pay scale allowed to Gameramen of the Films Division. The Lighting Assistants/Lightmen claimed the pay scale entitled to the Assistant Cameramen in the Films Division. They contended that they were performing same or similar duties as their counterparts in the Films Division.

The said writ petitions were disposed of by
the common order dated August 26, 1988. There this
Court held: (i) that the Staff Artists of Doordershan
including the petitioners therein are Covt. Servants
like their counterparts in the Films Division,
(ii) they performed the same duties as those of
their counterparts in the Films Division; (iii) the
Sound Recordists in Doordershan are equivalents to
Recordists in the Films Division; (iv) the Cameramen
Grade II in Doordershan are similar to Cameramen in

Films Division; and (v) the Lighting Assistanta,'
Lightmen in Doordarshan are comparable with Assistant
Camaraman in Films Division.

It was further observed that it would be unreasonable and unjust to discriminate the said Artists
of the Doordarshan in the matter of pay scale. The
conclusion was rounded off in the following terms.

"In the circumstances, all these writ patitions are allowed. The Sound Recordists, who are the patitioners in Writ Patition(C) No. 974 of 1978, shall be given the payscale of the Mugordist/Sound Recordist in the Films Division i.e. Rs. 550-900 with offact from January 1, 1978. The Cameramen Grado II, who are the petitioners in Writ Patition (C) No. 1239 of 1979, shall be given the pay scale of the Cameranen of the Pilms Division i.e. Rs.650-960 with effect from August 1, 1979. The Lighting Assistants/ Lightman, who are the petitioners in Writ Patition(G) No. 1756 of 1986, shall begiven the scale of pay of Assistant Cameramen in the Pilms Division i.e. Rs,425-700 with offect from December 1, 1003. The patitioners in all these writ patitions will also be entitled to the substituted scales of pay and consequential benefits. The respondents are directed to disburse to the petitioners the arrear amounts being the difference in the pay scales within four months from today."

As par the said decision, those who filed the writ patitions were given the pay scale of their countarparts with the arrears as indicated from the respective dates. But other persons who claim that they also belong to the same categories or similarly situated have not been extended the benefit of the decision.

against the authorities. The Contempt Patition
No. 811 of 1989 was filed. On that application,
the Court comarked:

"The petitioners may file a fresh Writ Petition under Article 32 of the Constitution before this Court after serving a copy on the Central Agency. It shall be posted along with this Contempt Petition. The matter is adjourned by three weeks."

Accordingly, the present writ patition has been preferred seeking the reliefs:

"(a) to treat Lighting Assistants, Cameraman Grade II and Sound Recordists as regular Government Servents w.a.f. the date of their joining the Doordarshan Departments; (b) to remove the disparity in the scales of pay of Lighting Assistants of Doordarshan Vis-H-Vis Assistant Camprunon of Films Division, Camuraman Grada II of Doordardian vis-a-vis Camaramen of Films Division unl Sound Recordists of Doordarunan vis-a-vi; Racordists of Films Division w.e.f. 1.1.1973 and in the core of there, Lighting Assist ints or Campraman Grada II or thound twoosussis of Doordarshan who joined the Doordershan Department on any subsequent date other than 1.1.1973. thun the disparity is to be romoved from the respective dates of their appointment; (c) to extend all the other benefits to the Lighting Assistants, Cameraman Grada II and Sound Recordists of Doordarshan up are available to the Assistant Camaruman, Camaramen and Recordists of Filma Division."

The respondent in the counter-affidavit raises contentions in the ulternative; firstly, it is interalia alleged;

"that the bonufit of order dated 26.8.00 need not be extended to all persons see motto who were not patition; as in the Writ

Patitions in quustion. Howavar, Govarnment is prapared to extand the banafit to such of these parsons who ware in position on the dates of filing of the writ putitions by holders of three categories of pasts or alternatively to such of them who possessed at the time of appointment in the said posts in Doordershan qualifications prescribed for comparable posts of Asstt.Cameramen/Cameramen and Recordists in Films Division."

Sucondly, the correctness of the provious decision or this Court is also sought to be diallanged by these words:

"It is submitted that the pay scales, designation and qualifications of Cameramen working in Films Division is different from those working in Doordarshan. The working condition is also quite different. The Cameramen in Films Division are exclusively functioning in outdoor recordings with film cameras whereas those working in Doordarshan normally function in studios and in case of their outdoor recordings they use E.N.G. equipment. It is submitted that the cadra structure of the organisations is also different in view of the organisational legality.

It is submitted that the pay scales are also related to the promotional avenues normally higher pay scale is expected to compansate for limited promotional evenue."

A similar contention is raised with regard to Lighting Assistants of Doordaruhan vis-a-vis Assistant Compranding in Films Divisions.

"The job of Lighting Assistants in Doordarsha. is limited to the holding light lamp on the object under directions of the cameraman in outdoor shootings alone. All other related functions including complete light arrangements in the studio in Doordarshan are performed by Sr. Engineering Assistants/Engineering Assistants/Engineering Assistants, Inchnicians and Helpers. In view of the above and with the introduction

of ENG cameras the existing role of Lighting Assistants has come down to that of an unskilled labourars. Consequently, posts of Lighting Assistants in Doordarshan ward abolished in July 1906 and their job entanted to Helpers who are Group 'D' employees having Vth standards qualifications."

As to Campramon Grado II, Doordarshan/Campramon, Films Division, it is stated:

"ENQ Comerous now being used in Doordarshan have been provided with the facilities of zoom lense auto focus play back facility to see instant results etc. It is very simple in operation and functions on the principle of Video Cameros used commonly by photographers in the street for covering the marriage parties etc. ...

It buing a matter of fact needs no explanation that in Films Division a Cameraman is required to have thorough knowledge and indepth experience of Camera and various types of lenses and films before being allowed to handle a film camera which is mure complicated to use by way of selection of appropriate lenso filters and ligit intensity, delicate handling of films halld a exact parception of the object as running of any film for a longor duration or without. proper light, lonse and focus would not only involva avoidable heavy additional expenditure but may also not give the desired results. Evidently, a congraman Gr.II handling ENG camera in Doordarshan is not. performing the same work as is being done by his counterpart on a complicated film camera in the Films Division. Least to talk of equality, many of Cameramen Gr. II in Doordarshan due to lack of experience and qualifications may not be able tohandle even today film camera being used in Films Division."

As to Sound Recordists, Doordarshan/Recordists in Films Division, it is claimed:

"The induction of ENG in Doordarshan has equally affected the functioning of Sound-Recordist by making his job much easier in as much as that audio recording in an ENG Camera is done simultaneously with shooting of the programme. It does not require any more separate dubbing or post synchoronising atc. being done by Recordists in Films Division. This measurated in declaring the Sound Recordists as dying cadre in Doordardhan and their job is now being done by Engineering Staff who have their own line of promotion in their grade."

The issues raised in the counter-affidavit may le relevant to determine the comparable duties and responsibilities of the putitioners. Dut it is not for us to examine the same in this proceedings. The question is no longer res integra. It stands concluded by the previous judgment and is binding on the Doordershan. The benefit of the judgment should be extended to all those who belong to the three categories.

in Doordarshan shall be given the pay scale of R.550900 with affect from January 1, 1978. The Cameramen
Grade II shall be allowed the pay scale of R.650-960
with affect from August 1, 1979. The Lighting Assistant/
Lightman are held entitled to the pay scale of R.425-700
with affect from December 1, 1983. It was also directed
that they shall be given the substituted
scales of pay and consequential benefits with the

arrears being the difference-in the pay scales ". In view of that conclusion reached and direction issued the respondent cannot now ask us to reconsider the same question.

We do not also consider it necessary to refer this matter to a larger Banch because of the observation in Prahalad Singh v. Union of India and another: (1939(2) SCC 683). There is no latches on the part of the potitioners harein in approaching the Court.

We direct that the potitioners who occupy the posts belonging to the categories of Sound Recording, Cameraman Grade II, and Lighting Assistant/Lightman in Doordarshan, shall be given the pay scale admissible to their counterparts in the Films Division including the arrears as ordered in the provious decision.

word more. We have been referred to a chart showing the disparity in salary paid to some of the Artists in Doordarshan as per the order of this Court in contrast with their counterparts in Films Division. We do not want to express any opinion for want of relevant material. We however, add that there shall not be any difference in the pay drawn while giving benefit of the respective pay scales to persons having the same length of service as their counterparts in the Films Division. To do otherwise, would be discri-

minatory. The respondent shall work out the formula by placing the patitionars in the proper grade in the pay scale allowed to them.

We accordingly, allow this writ potition by giving three months to comply with those directions.

We make no order as to costs.

(K.Jagannatha Shatty)

New Delhi, April 12, 1990 (M. Fathima Buovi)